



REPORT No.: SZ18010062W10

# TEST REPORT

**MANUFACTURER** : Shenzhen Chainway Information Technology Co.,Ltd.

**PRODUCT NAME** : Mobile Data Terminal

**MODEL NAME** : C72

**BRAND NAME** : CHAINWAY

**STANDARD(S)** : ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)

**TEST DATE** : 2018-05-25 to 2018-05-26

**ISSUE DATE** : 2018-05-28

Tested by:

*Wu Zhongwen*

Wu Zhongwen (Test Engineer)

Approved by:

*Andy Yeh*

Andy Yeh (Technical Director)

**NOTE:** This document is issued by MORLAB, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior written permission of the company. The test results apply only to the particular sample(s) tested and to the specific tests carried out which is available on request for validation and information confirmed at our website.

**MORLAB**

SHENZHEN MORLAB COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Co., Ltd.  
FL1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road,  
Block67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen , GuangDong Province, P. R. China

Tel: 86-755-36698555

Http://www.morlab.cn

Fax: 86-755-36698525

E-mail: service@morlab.cn





## DIRECTORY

<b>1. Technical Information .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>1.1. Manufacturer and Factory Information.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>1.2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Description.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>1.3. Test Standards and Results .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>1.4. EUT Setup and Operating Conditions.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>1.5. Environmental Conditions .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>2. Transmitter Parameters .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>2.1. EN 300 330§4.3.1 - Permitted range of operating frequencies .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>2.2. EN 300 330§4.3.2 - Operating frequency ranges .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>2.3. EN 300 330§4.3.3 - Modulation bandwidth .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>2.4. EN 300 330 §4.3.4 - Transmitter H-field requirements.....</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>2.5. EN 300 330§4.3.8 - Transmitter radiated spurious domain emission limits &lt; 30 MHz .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>2.6. EN 300 330§4.3.8 - Transmitter radiated spurious domain emission limits &gt; 30 MHz .....</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>3. Receiver Parameters .....</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>3.1. EN 300 330-2§5.2.2.3 - Receiver spurious emissions .....</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>Annex A Photographs of Test Setup .....</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>Annex B Test Uncertainty.....</b>	<b>34</b>
<b>Annex C Testing Laboratory Information.....</b>	<b>35</b>



REPORT No.: SZ18010062W10

Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	2018-05-28	First edition



# 1. Technical Information

**Note:** Provide by manufacturer.

## 1.1. Manufacturer and Factory Information

<b>Manufacturer:</b>	Shenzhen Chainway Information Technology Co.,Ltd.
<b>Manufacturer Address:</b>	9/F, Building 2, Daqian Industrial Park, Longchang Rd., District 67, Bao'an, Shenzhen
<b>Factory:</b>	Shenzhen Chainway Information Technology Co.,Ltd.
<b>Factory Address:</b>	9/F, Building 2, Daqian Industrial Park, Longchang Rd., District 67, Bao'an, Shenzhen

## 1.2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Description

<b>Product Name:</b>	Mobile Data Terminal	
<b>Serial No:</b>	(N/A, marked #1 by test site)	
<b>Hardware Version:</b>	C70SE_MB_V11	
<b>Software Version:</b>	C72E_MT6735_V1.1_EU_GITfcd74c4_20180115	
<b>Frequency:</b>	13.56MHz	
<b>Modulation Type:</b>	CPFSK	
<b>Product Class:</b>	1(see clause 1.5)	
<b>Operating voltage:</b>	Normal(NV):	3.8 V
<b>Operating temperature:</b>	Normal(NT):	25°C
	Lowest(LT):	-20°C
	Highest(HT):	50°C

*Note 1:* The EUT supports NFC function.

*Note 2:* For a more detailed description, please refer to Specification or User's Manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.

### 1.3. Test Standards and Results

The EUT has been tested according to ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02):

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	Short Range Devices (SRD); Radio equipment in the frequency range 9 kHz to 25 MHz and inductive loop systems in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU

Test items and the results are as below:

No.	Sub clause in EN 300330	Test Item	Test Engineer	Result
1	4.3.1	Permitted range of operating frequencies	Wu Zhongwen	PASS
2	4.3.2	Operating frequency ranges	Wu Zhongwen	PASS
3	4.3.3	Modulation bandwidth	Wu Zhongwen	PASS
4	4.3.4	Transmitter H-field requirements	Wu Zhongwen	PASS
5	4.3.8	Transmitter radiated spurious domain emission limits < 30 MHz	Wu Zhongwen	PASS
6	4.3.9	Transmitter radiated spurious domain emission limits > 30 MHz	Wu Zhongwen	PASS
7	4.4.2	Receiver spurious emissions	Wu Zhongwen	PASS

### 1.4. EUT Setup and Operating Conditions

The 13.56MHz RF Module was activated and controlled by reading the card. The EUT is powered by a battery.

### 1.5. Environmental Conditions

During the measurement, the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature (°C):	15 - 35
Relative Humidity (%):	20 - 75
Atmospheric Pressure (kPa):	86 - 106

## 2. Transmitter Parameters

### 2.1. EN 300 330 §4.3.1 - Permitted range of operating frequencies

The permitted range of operating frequencies is the frequency range over which the equipment is authorized to operate.

#### 2.1.1. Test Description

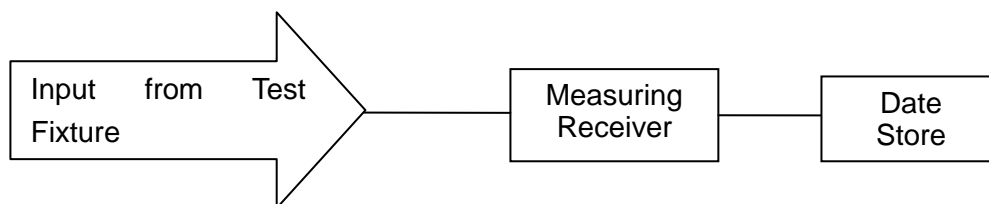


Figure 1: Test set-up for measuring the operating frequency range

The test shall be measured using the method shown in figure 1.

The measurement antenna shall be placed at one point of the setup up.

A spectrum analyser with the following settings is used as measuring receiver in the test set-up:

- Start frequency: lower than the lower edge of the permitted frequency range.
- Stop frequency: higher than the upper edge of the permitted frequency range.
- Resolution Bandwidth: see table 11 in ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1.
- Video Bandwidth:  $\geq$  Resolution Bandwidth.
- Detector mode: RMS.
- Display mode: Maxhold.

The 99 % OBW function shall be used to determine the operating frequency range:

- $f_H$  is determined.  $f_H$  is the frequency of the upper marker resulting from the OFR.
- $f_L$  is determined.  $f_L$  is the frequency of the lower marker resulting from the OFR.
- $f_c$  is the centre frequency.

Alternatively, the recorded results from the H-field measurement described in ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 clause 6.2.4 may be used.

#### 2.1.2. Test Limit

The permitted range of operating frequencies for intentional emissions shall be entirely within the frequency bands in ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 table 1.



REPORT No.: SZ18010062W10

### 2.1.3. Test Result

Test Method	Modulation	Test Conditions		Operating Frequency(MHz)	Limit
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Radiated <input type="checkbox"/> Conducted	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF	NT	NV	13.5591 to 13.5607	13.553MHz to 13.567MHz
Test Result				PASS	
Measurement Uncertainty				±25Hz	

## 2.2. EN 300 330§4.3.2 - Operating frequency ranges

The operating frequency range (OFR) is the frequency range over which the EUT is transmitting. The operating frequency range of the EUT is determined by the lowest ( $f_L$ ) and highest frequency ( $f_H$ ) as occupied by the power envelope.

With the centre frequency of the OFR as:  $f_C = (f_H + f_L)/2$ .

An EUT could have more than one operating frequency range.

### 2.2.1. Test Description

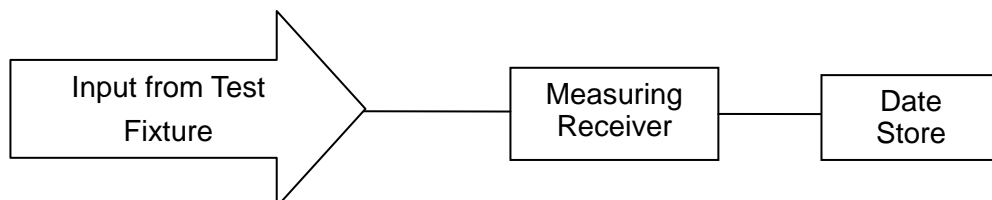


Figure 1: Test set-up for measuring the operating frequency range

#### 2.2.1.1 OFR measurement with spectrum analyser

The measurement antenna shall be placed at one point of the setup up. Alternatively, a current probe could be used. A spectrum analyser with the following settings is used as measuring receiver in the test set-up:

Start frequency: lower than the lower edge of the permitted frequency range.

Stop frequency: higher than the upper edge of the permitted frequency range.

Resolution Bandwidth: see table 11 in ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1.

Video Bandwidth:  $\geq$  Resolution Bandwidth.

Detector mode: RMS

Display mode: Maxhold.

The 99 % OBW function shall be used to determine the operating frequency range:

$f_H$  is determined.  $f_H$  is the frequency of the upper marker resulting from the OFR.

$f_L$  is determined.  $f_L$  is the frequency of the lower marker resulting from the OFR.

$f_C$  is the centre frequency.  $f_C = (f_H + f_L)/2$

### 2.2.2. Test Limit

The permitted range of operating frequencies for intentional emissions shall be entirely within the frequency bands in ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 table 1.





REPORT No.: SZ18010062W10

**2.2.3. Test Result**

Test Method	Modulation	Test Conditions		Operating Frequency(MHz)	Limit
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Radiated <input type="checkbox"/> Conducted	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF	NT	NV	13.561	13.553MHz to 13.567MHz
Test Result				PASS	
Measurement Uncertainty				±25Hz	

## 2.3. EN 300 330§4.3.3 - Modulation bandwidth

The modulation bandwidth contains all associated side bands above the following level:

- a) For carrier frequencies below 135kHz:  
23dB below the carrier, for RFID within the transmitter emission boundary of figure I.1, and for RFID and EAS systems within the transmitter mask of figures I.2,I.3 and I.4, see CISPR 16-1-4 [2] or the appropriate spurious limit as defined in clauses 4.3.7, 4.3.8, 4.3.9 in ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1.
- b) For carrier frequencies in the range 135kHz to 30MHz:  
15 dB below the carrier or the appropriate spurious limit as defined in clauses 4.3.7, 4.3.8, 4.3.9 of ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1.

### 2.3.1. Test Description

1. The transmitter shall be connected to an artificial antenna or if the transmitter has an integral antenna, a test fixture shall be used (see clause 5.10 of ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1). The RF output of the equipment shall be connected to a spectrum analyser via a 50  $\Omega$  variable attenuator.
2. The transmitter shall be operated at the nominal carrier power or field strength measured under normal test conditions in clause 4.3.4 of ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1. The attenuator shall be adjusted to an appropriate level displayed at the spectrum analyser screen.
3. The transmitter shall be modulated with standard test modulation. If the equipment cannot be modulated externally, the internal modulation shall be used.
4. For transmitters using a continuous wideband swept carrier the measurement shall be made with the sweep on.
5. The output of the transmitter, with or without test fixture, shall be measured by using a spectrum analyser with a resolution bandwidth appropriate to accept all major side bands. The power level calibration of the spectrum analyser shall then be related to the power level or field strength measured in clause 4.3.3 of ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1. The calculation will be used to calculate the absolute level of the sideband power.
6. The test laboratory shall ensure that the spectrum analyser's span is sufficiently wide enough to ensure that the carrier and all its major side bands are captured.



The modulation bandwidth shall be within the assigned frequency band see table 1 or  $\pm 7,5\%$  of the carrier frequency whichever is the smallest. For RFID and EAS Systems, the modulation bandwidth shall be within the transmitter emission boundary of figures I.1, I.2, I.3 and I.4 in ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1.

Test Method	Modulation	Test Conditions		Frequency band	
				Measured	limit
				Frequency	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Radiated <input type="checkbox"/> Conducted	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF	NT	NV	13.559MHz to 13.561MHz	13.553MHz to 13.567MHz
Test Result		PASS			
Measurement Uncertainty		±25Hz			

**Marker 3 13.560740000 MHz** Avg Type: Voltage Avg/Hold: >100/100

PNO: Close IFGain: Low Trig: Free Run Atten: 6 dB

TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE M W H W H W H W H DET P P N N N N

**Mkr3 13.560 74 MHz**  
**46.031 dBμV**

10 dB/div Ref 102.00 dBμV

Center 13.56000 MHz Span 20.00 kHz  
#Res BW (-6dB) 1 kHz #VBW 1.0 kHz Sweep 45.93 ms (1001 pts)

MKR	MODE	TRC	SCL	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE
1	N	1	f	13.559 90 MHz	61.484 dBμV			
2	N	1	f	13.559 06 MHz	46.339 dBμV			
3	N	1	f	13.560 74 MHz	46.031 dBμV			
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								

Trace/Detector

Select Trace 1

Detector Peak Man

Auto

Preset Detectors

Clear Trace

Clear All Traces

Preset All Traces

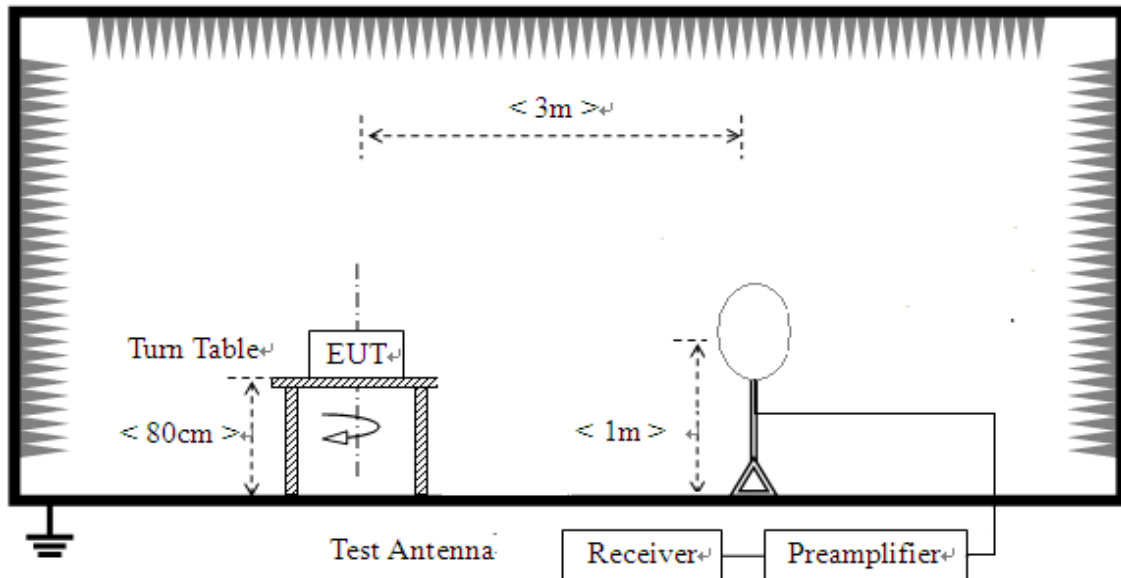
More 2 of 3

## 2.4. EN 300 330 §4.3.4 - Transmitter H-field requirements

In the case of a transmitter with an integral or dedicated antenna, the radiated H-field is defined in the direction of maximum field strength under specified conditions of measurement.

### 2.4.1. Test Description

#### A. Test setup



#### B. Test procedure

1. The measurements of the transmitter radiated H-field shall be made on an open field test site. Any measured values shall be at least 6 dB above the ambient noise level.
2. The H-field produced by the equipment shall be measured at standard distance of 10 m. Where this is not practical, e.g. due to physical size of the equipment including the antenna or with use of special field cancelling antenna, then other distances may be used. When another distance is used, the distance used and the field strength value measured shall be stated in the test report. In this case, the measured value at actual test distance shall be extrapolated to 10 m according to annex H and these calculations shall be stated in the test report.
3. The H-field was measured with a shielded loop antenna connected to a measurement receiver. The measuring bandwidth and detector type of the measurement receiver was in accordance with below table.

Frequency	Detector type	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Spectrum analyzer bandwidth
$9\text{KHz} \leq f < 150\text{KHz}$	Quasi Peak	200Hz	300Hz
$150\text{KHz} \leq f < 30\text{MHz}$	Quasi Peak	9KHz	10KHz
$30\text{MHz} \leq f < 1\text{GHz}$	Quasi Peak	120KHz	100KHz
Note: For the measurement of the ranges $6,765\text{ MHz} \leq f < 6,795\text{ MHz}$ and $13,553\text{ MHz} \leq f < 13,567\text{ MHz}$ , the measurement bandwidth has to be 200 Hz respectively 300 Hz.			

4. The equipment under test operated with normal modulation.
5. For measuring equipment calibrated in  $\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$ , the reading should be reduced by 51.5 dB to be converted to  $\text{dB}\mu\text{A/m}$ .

#### 2.4.2. Test Limits

A. Limits for measurements at 10 m distance:

Frequency Range	H-field strength limit (Hf) $\text{dB}\mu\text{A/m}$ at 10 m
$13.553 \leq f \leq 13.567$	60

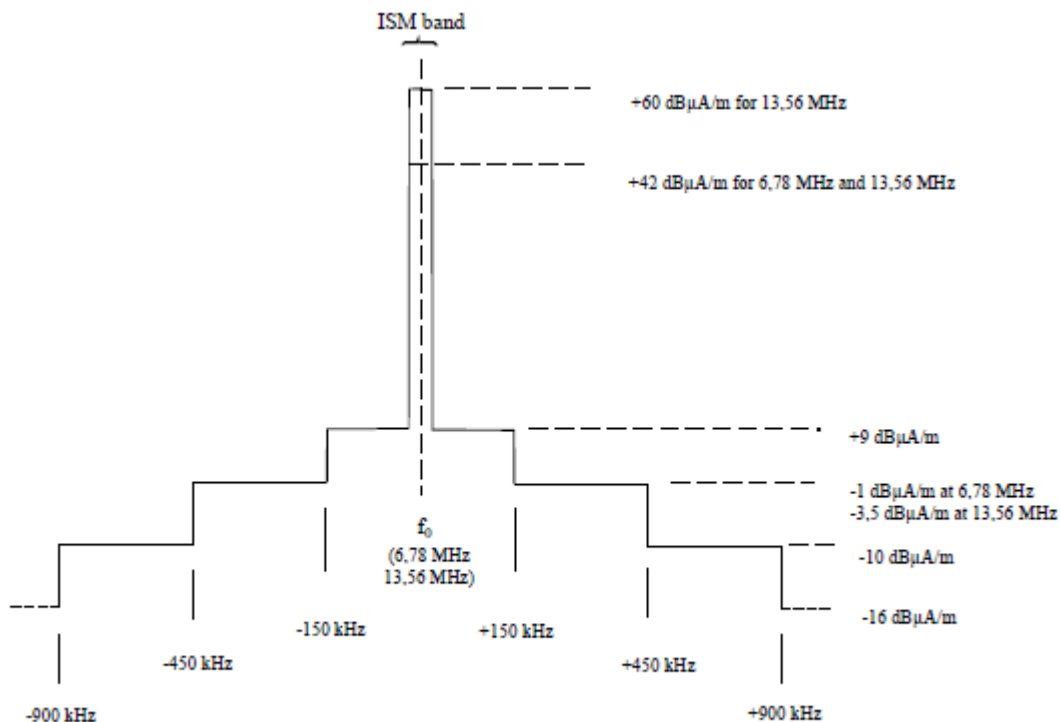


Figure I.2: Spectrum mask limit for RFIDs and EAS in the 6,78 MHz and 13,56 MHz range

## B. Limits for measurements at 3 m distance:

Radiated field strength					
Transmitter Mode					
Start Frequency	Limit		Stop Frequency	Limit	
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ A/m)	(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ A/m)
12.160	58.5	7	12.653	58.5	7
12.653	64.5	13	13.103	64.5	13
13.103	71	19.5	13.403	71	19.5
13.403	83.5	32	13.553	83.5	32
13.553	134.5	83	13.567	134.5	83
13.567	83.5	32	13.717	83.5	32
13.717	71	19.5	14.017	71	19.5
14.017	64.5	13	14.467	64.5	13
14.467	58.5	7	14.960	58.5	7

Note: The The H-field limit in dB $\mu$ A/m at 3 m, H<sub>3m</sub>, is determined by the following equation:

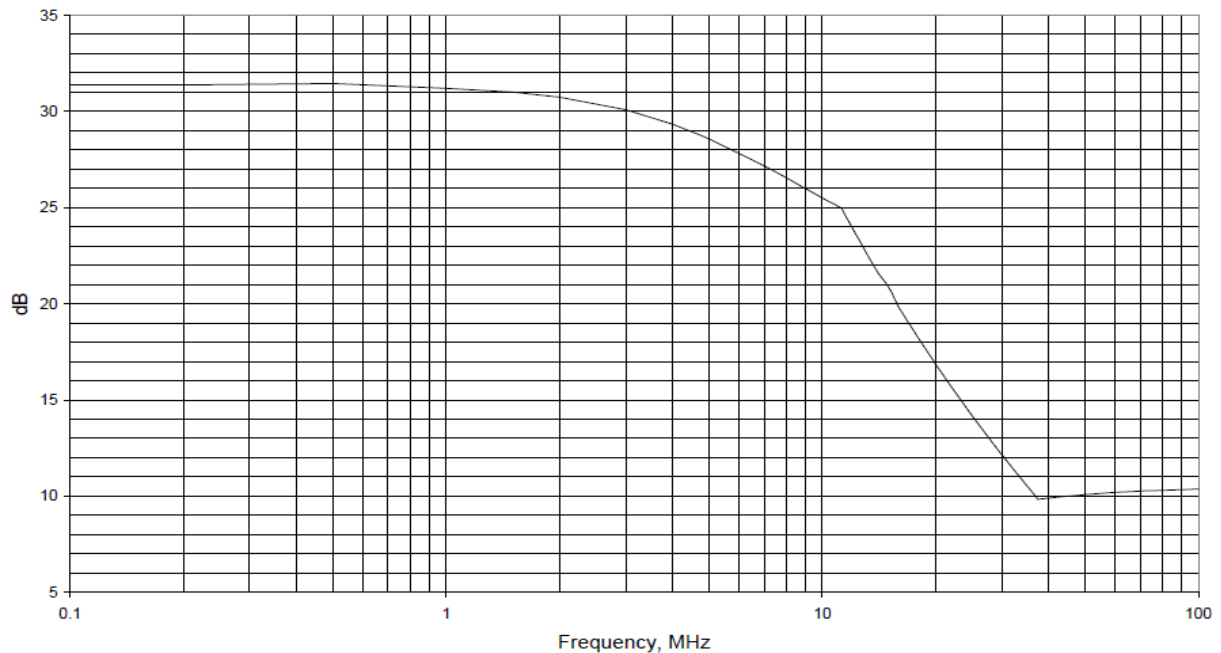
$$H_{3m} = H_{10m} + C_3$$

where:

H<sub>10m</sub> is the H-field limit in dB $\mu$ A/m at 10 m distance according to the present document; and

C<sub>3</sub> is a conversion factor in dB determined from ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1, Annex I, Figure.2.

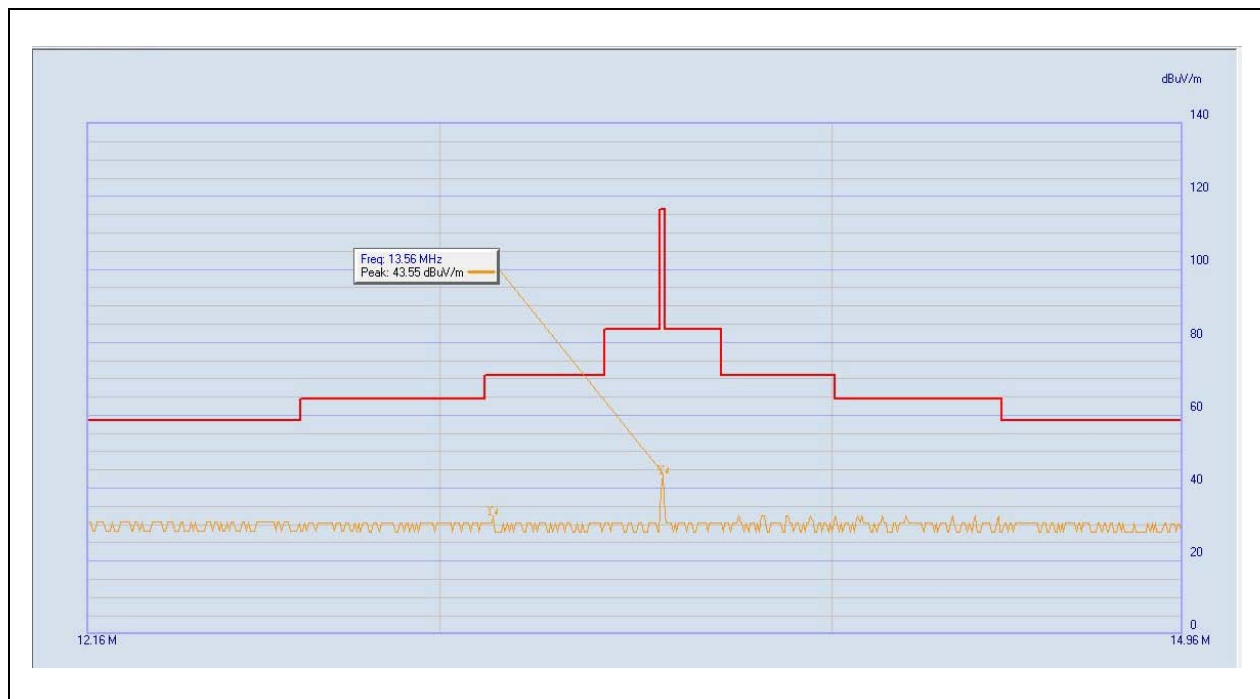
Correction factor, C<sub>3</sub>, for limits at 3 m distance, dB



### 2.4.3. Test Result

Test Method	Modulation	Test Conditions		H-field strength	Frequency
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Radiated <input type="checkbox"/> Conducted	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF	NT	NV	Below limit	12.16MHz to 14.96 MHz
Test Result				PASS	
Measurement Uncertainty				$\pm 3.9\text{dB}$	

### 2.4.4. Test Plots



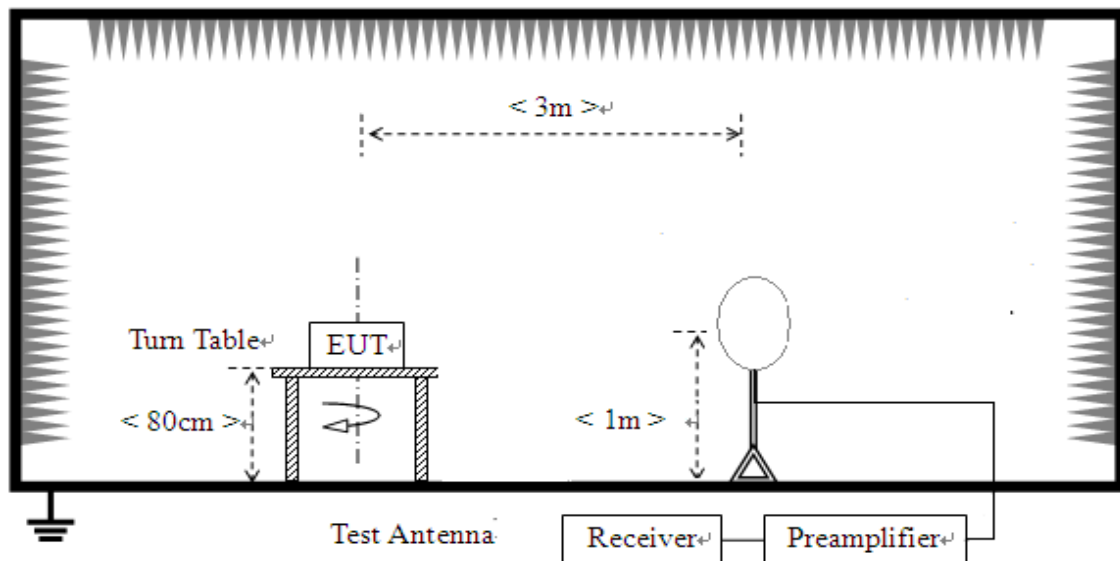
Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Bandwidth (kHz)	Detector Type	Level at 3m (dBμV/m)	Limit at 3m (dBμV/m)	Level at 10m (dBμA/m)	Limit at 10m (dBμA/m)
13.56	9	Quasi Peak	43.55	134.5	-31.45	60

## 2.5.EN 300 330§4.3.8 - Transmitter radiated spurious domain emission limits < 30 MHz

Spurious domain emission limits are limits on emissions at frequencies other than those of the carrier and sidebands associated with normal test modulation.

### 2.5.1. Test Description

#### A. Test setup



#### B. Test procedure

1. The field strength was measured for frequencies below 30 MHz. The equipment under test was measured at a distance of 3 m on a semi-anechoic. The test antenna was a calibrated shielded magnetic field antenna.
2. The equipment under test was switched on with normal modulation. The characteristics of the modulation signal used was stated on the test report. The measuring receiver was tuned over the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz, except for the frequency band on which the transmitter was intended to operate.
3. At each frequency at which a relevant spurious signal was detected the equipment under test and the test antenna was rotated until maximum field strength was indicated on the measuring receiver. This level was noted.
4. The measurements were repeated in the standby mode.
5. For measuring equipment calibrated in dB $\mu$ V/m, the reading should be reduced by 51.5 dB to be converted to dB $\mu$ A/m.



**2.5.2. Test Limit**

A. Limits for measurements at 10 m distance:

State	Frequency 9 KHz ≤ f < 10 MHz	Frequency 10 MHz ≤ f < 30 MHz
Operating	27 dB $\mu$ A/m at 9 kHz descending 3 dB/oct	-3.5 dB $\mu$ A/m
Standby	5.5 dB $\mu$ A/m at 9 kHz descending 3 dB/oct	-25 dB $\mu$ A/m

B. H-field strength limit (Hf) dB $\mu$ V/m at 3 m:

Radiated field strength					
Operating Mode					
Start Frequency	Limit		Stop Frequency	Limit	
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ A/m)	(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ A/m)
0.009	109.9	58.4	0.018	106.9	55.4
0.018	106.9	55.4	0.036	103.9	52.4
0.0036	103.9	52.4	0.072	100.9	49.4
0.072	100.9	49.4	0.1	99.6	48.1
0.1	99.6	48.1	0.144	97.9	46.4
0.144	97.9	46.4	0.2	96.7	45.2
0.2	96.7	45.2	0.288	94.9	43.4
0.288	94.9	43.4	0.3	94.4	42.9
0.3	94.4	42.9	0.5	92.8	41.3
0.5	92.8	41.3	0.576	92	40.5
0.576	92	40.5	0.6	91.8	40.3
0.6	91.8	40.3	0.7	91.2	39.7
0.7	91.2	39.7	0.8	90.5	39.0
0.8	90.5	39.0	0.9	89.95	38.45
0.9	89.95	38.45	1	89.3	37.8
1	89.3	37.8	1.152	88.6	37.1
1.152	88.6	37.1	1.5	87.6	36.1
1.5	87.6	36.1	2	86	34.5
2	86	34.5	2.304	85	33.5
2.304	85	33.5	3	83.7	32.2
3	83.7	32.2	4	81.7	30.2
4	81.7	30.2	4.608	80.4	28.9
4.608	80.4	28.9	5	79.8	28.3
5	79.8	28.3	6	78.4	26.9
6	78.4	26.9	7	77.1	25.6



7	77.1	25.6	8	75.9	24.4
8	75.9	24.4	9	74.6	23.1
9	74.6	23.1	9.216	74.4	22.9
9.216	74.4	22.9	10	73.5	22.0
10	73.5	22.0	12	73	21.5
12	73	21.5	20	64.9	13.4
20	64.9	13.4	30	60.1	8.6
<b>Standby Mode</b>					
<b>Start Frequency</b>	<b>Limit</b>		<b>Stop Frequency</b>	<b>Limit</b>	
<b>(MHz)</b>	<b>(dB<math>\mu</math>V/m)</b>	<b>(dB<math>\mu</math>A/m)</b>	<b>(MHz)</b>	<b>(dB<math>\mu</math>V/m)</b>	<b>(dB<math>\mu</math>A/m)</b>
0.009	88.4	36.9	0.018	85.4	33.9
0.018	85.4	33.9	0.036	82.4	30.9
0.036	82.4	30.9	0.072	79.4	27.9
0.072	79.4	27.9	0.1	78.1	26.6
0.1	78.1	26.6	0.144	76.4	24.9
0.144	76.4	24.9	0.2	75.2	23.7
0.2	75.2	23.7	0.288	73.4	21.9
0.288	73.4	21.9	0.3	72.9	21.4
0.3	72.9	21.4	0.5	71.3	19.8
0.5	71.3	19.8	0.576	70.5	19.0
0.576	70.5	19.0	0.6	70.3	18.8
0.6	70.3	18.8	0.7	69.7	18.2
0.7	69.7	18.2	0.8	69	17.5
0.8	69	17.5	0.9	68.45	16.95
0.9	68.45	16.95	1	67.8	16.3
1	67.8	16.3	1.152	67.1	15.6
1.152	67.1	15.6	1.5	66.1	14.6
1.5	66.1	14.6	2	64.5	13.0
2	64.5	13.0	2.304	63.5	12.0
2.304	63.5	12.0	3	62.2	10.7
3	62.2	10.7	4	60.2	8.7
4	60.2	8.7	4.608	58.9	7.4
4.608	58.9	7.4	5	58.3	6.8
5	58.3	6.8	6	56.9	5.4
6	56.9	5.4	7	55.6	4.1
7	55.6	4.1	8	54.4	2.9
8	54.4	2.9	9	53.1	1.6
9	53.1	1.6	9.216	52.9	1.4



9.216	52.9	1.4	10	52	0.5
10	52	0.5	12	51.5	0.0
12	51.5	0.0	20	43.4	-8.1
20	43.4	-8.1	30	38.6	-12.9

### 2.5.3. Test Result

#### A. Transmitter Operating Mode

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Bandwidth (kHz)	Detector Type	Level at 3m(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit at 3m(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Result
1	0.009	0.2	Quasi Peak	64.12	109.9	PASS
2	0.309	9	Quasi Peak	49.00	94.4	PASS
3	1.119	9	Quasi Peak	39.69	89.3	PASS
4	1.649	9	Quasi Peak	37.16	87.6	PASS
5	13.554	9	Quasi Peak	36.59	73.0	PASS
6	21.109	9	Quasi Peak	33.12	64.9	PASS

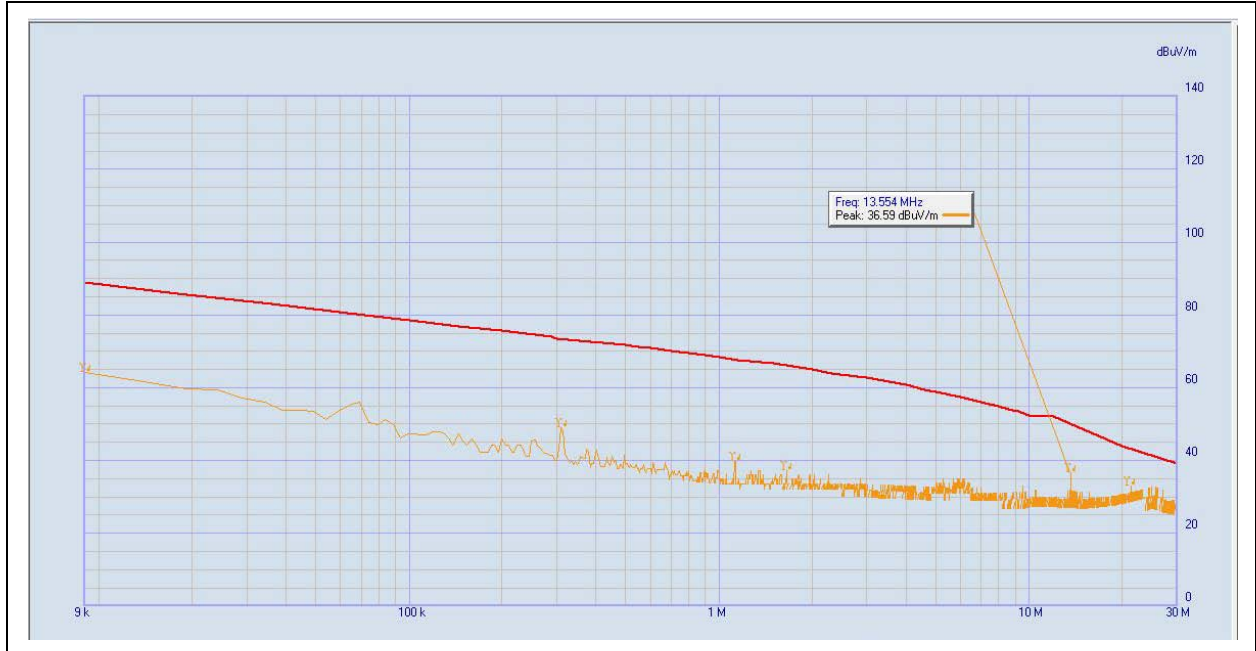
#### B. Transmitter Standby Mode

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Bandwidth (kHz)	Detector Type	Level at 3m(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit at 3m(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Result
1	0.014	0.2	Quasi Peak	61.60	88.4	PASS
2	0.249	9	Quasi Peak	44.69	75.2	PASS
3	0.309	9	Quasi Peak	48.17	72.9	PASS
4	1.124	9	Quasi Peak	37.18	67.8	PASS
5	1.349	9	Quasi Peak	37.18	67.1	PASS
	1.799	9	Quasi Peak	37.16	66.1	PASS

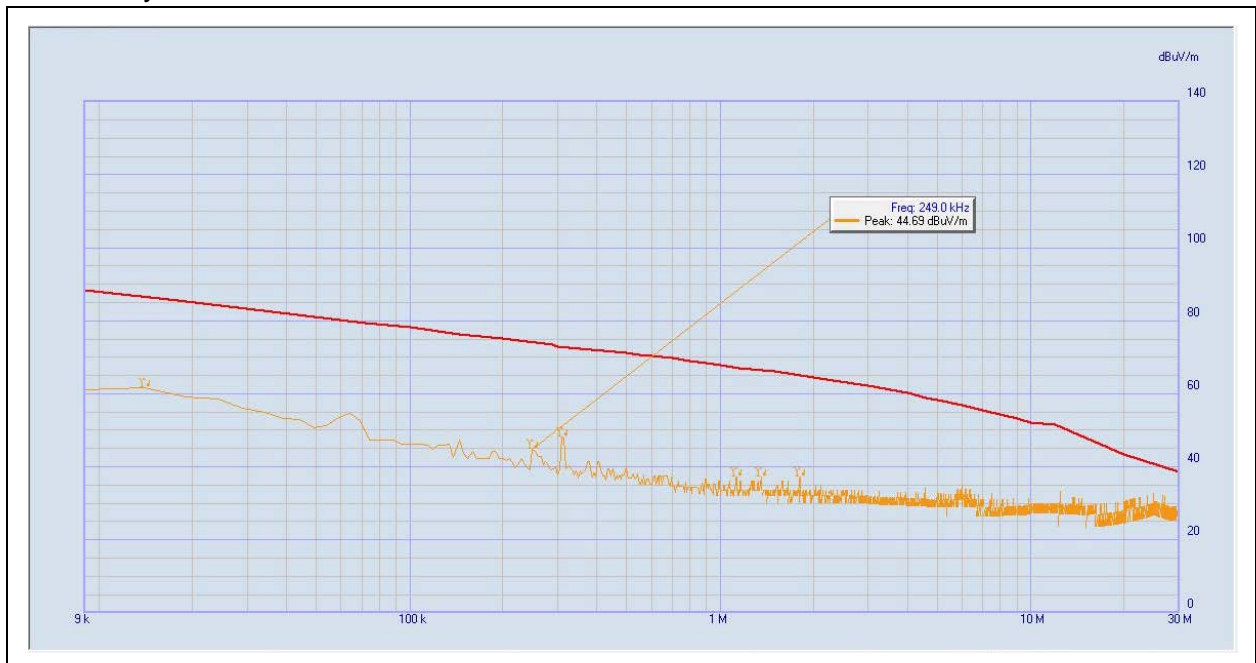
- a) Only radiated measurement method was used. For the radiated method, the antenna polarization was set to vertical and horizontal respectively.
- b) The measurement was performed at the operating frequency.

## 2.5.4. Test Plots

### A. Operating Mode



### B. Standby Mode

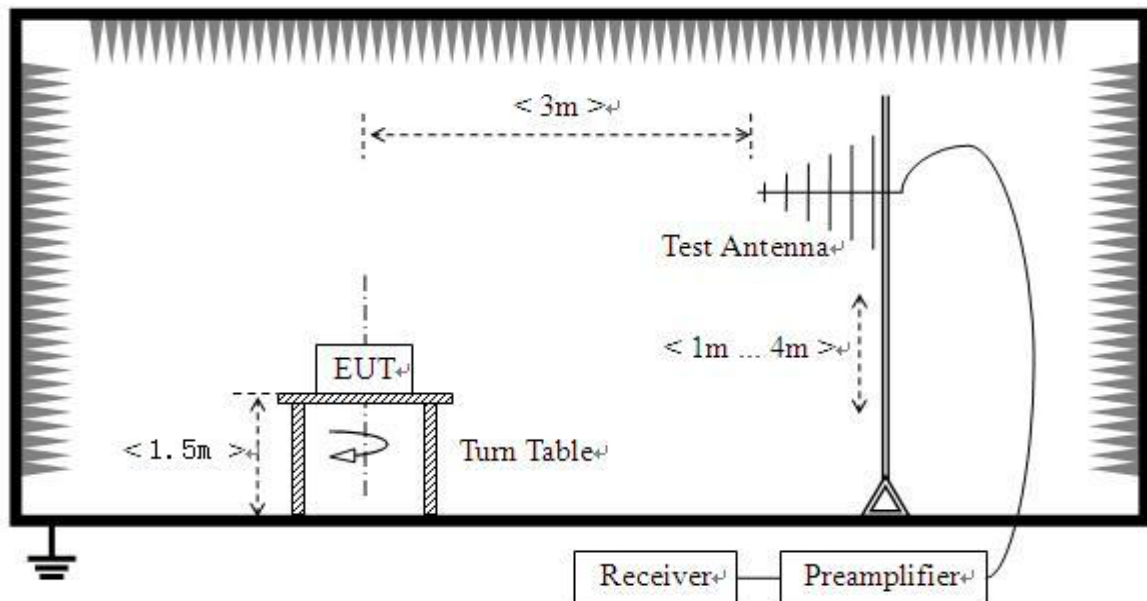


## 2.6.EN 300 330§4.3.8 - Transmitter radiated spurious domain emission limits > 30 MHz

Spurious domain emission limits are limits on emissions at frequencies other than those of the carrier and sidebands associated with normal test modulation.

### 2.6.1. Test Description

#### A. Test Setup:



#### B. Test Procedure:

1. For classes 1, 2 and 4 an appropriate test site selected from annex C in in ETSI EN 300 330 shall be used. The equipment shall be placed at the specified height on a non-conducting support and in the position closest to normal use as declared by the manufacturer.
2. The test antenna shall be oriented for vertical polarization. The output of the test antenna shall be connected to a measuring receiver.
3. The transmitter shall be switched on with normal modulation, and the measuring receiver shall be tuned over the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz.
4. At each frequency at which a relevant spurious component is detected, the test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of heights until a maximum signal level is detected on the measuring receiver.
5. The transmitter shall then be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the

maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.

6. The maximum signal level detected by the measuring receiver shall be noted.
7. The substitution antenna shall be oriented for vertical polarization and calibrated for the frequency of the spurious component detected.
8. The frequency of the calibrated signal generator shall be set to the frequency of the spurious component detected. The input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver shall be adjusted in order to increase the sensitivity of the measuring receiver, if necessary.
9. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of heights to ensure that the maximum signal is received.
10. When a test site according to clause C.1.1 in in ETSI EN 300 330 is used, there is no need to vary the height of the antenna.
11. The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be adjusted until an equal or a known related level to that detected from the transmitter is obtained on the measuring receiver.
12. The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be recorded as a power level and corrected for any change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.
13. The measure of the effective radiated power of the spurious components is the larger of the two power levels recorded for each spurious component at the input to the substitution antenna, corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna if necessary.
14. If an unmodulated carrier cannot be obtained then the measurements shall be made with the transmitter modulated by the normal test signal (see clause 5.8.2 in ETSI EN 300 330) in which case this fact shall be recorded in the test report.
15. If standby mode is available, the measurements shall be repeated in that mode.

### 2.6.2. Test Limits

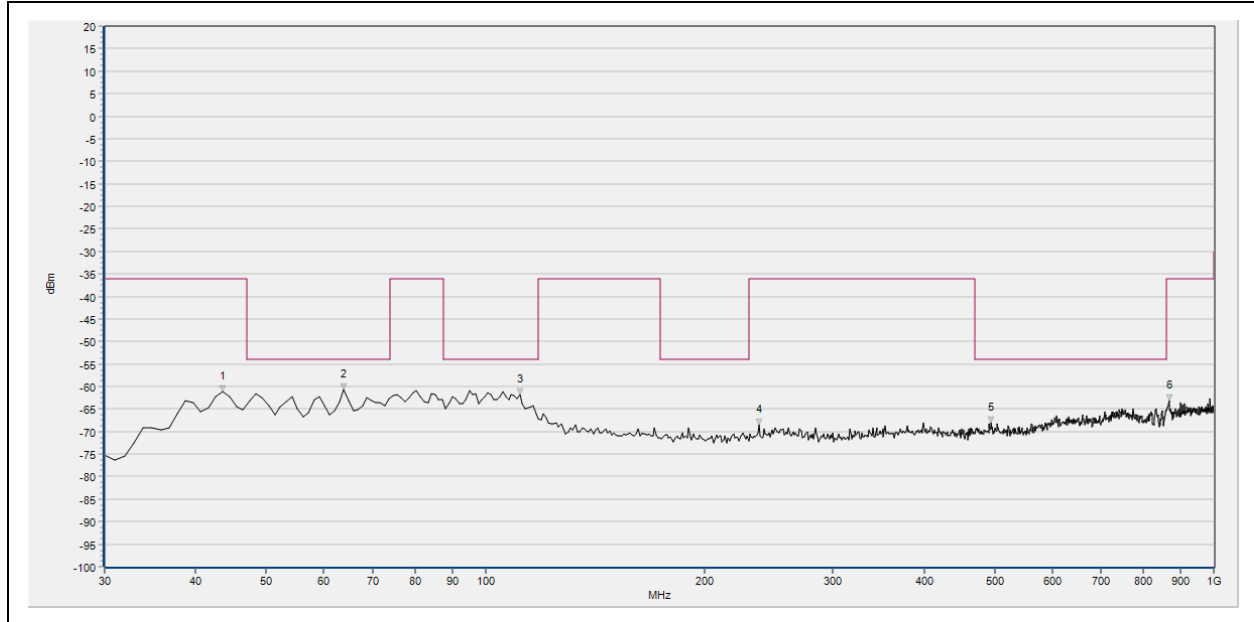
The power of any radiated emission shall not exceed the values given in flowing table.

State	47 MHz to 74 MHz 87.5 MHz to 118 MHz 174 MHz to 230 MHz 470 MHz to 862 MHz	Other frequencies between 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz
Operating	4nW	250nW
Standby	2nW	2nW

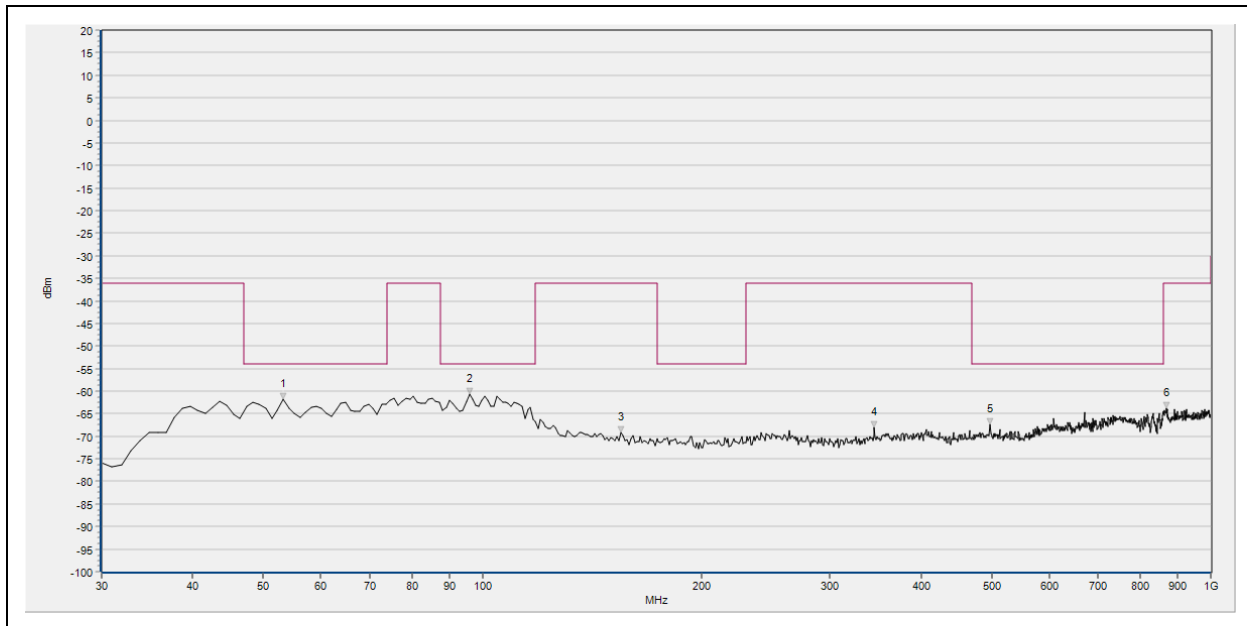


### 2.6.3. Test Result:

#### A. Operating mode



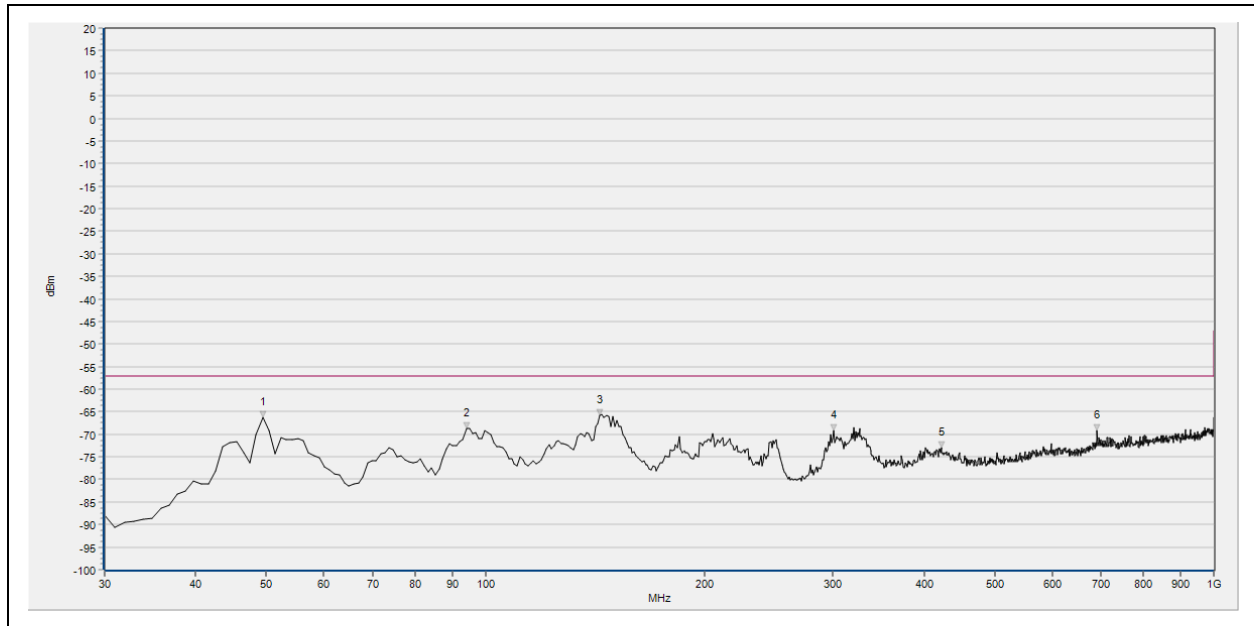
NO.	Fre.(MHz)	Peak (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	43.580	-61.19	-36.00	Horizontal	PASS
2	63.950	-60.77	-54.00	Horizontal	PASS
3	111.480	-61.83	-54.00	Horizontal	PASS
4	237.580	-68.54	-36.00	Horizontal	PASS
5	494.630	-68.13	-54.00	Horizontal	PASS
6	868.080	-63.12	-36.00	Horizontal	PASS



NO.	Fre.(MHz)	Peak (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	53.280	-61.75	-54.00	Vertical	PASS
2	95.960	-60.77	-54.00	Vertical	PASS
3	155.130	-69.25	-36.00	Vertical	PASS
4	345.250	-68.15	-36.00	Vertical	PASS
5	497.540	-67.41	-54.00	Vertical	PASS
6	869.050	-63.89	-36.00	Vertical	PASS



## B. Standby Mode



NO.	Fre.(MHz)	Peak (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	49.419	-66.30	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
2	94.084	-68.68	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
3	143.604	-65.79	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
4	300.901	-69.21	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
5	422.272	-73.05	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
6	691.231	-69.07	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS



NO.	Fre.(MHz)	Peak (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	49.419	-64.70	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
2	71.752	-65.08	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
3	144.575	-63.90	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
4	303.814	-67.55	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
5	449.459	-72.82	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
6	755.315	-70.13	-57.00	Vertical	PASS

### 3. Receiver Parameters

#### 3.1. EN 300 330-2§5.2.2.3 - Receiver spurious emissions

Spurious radiation from receivers are emissions radiated from the antenna, the chassis and case of the receiver. It is specified as the radiated power of a discrete signal.

##### 3.1.1. Test Description

For radiation below 30 MHz, the methods of measurements should be in accordance with clause 6.2.8 in ETSI EN 300 330.

For radiation at or above 30 MHz, the methods of measurements should be in accordance with clause 6.2.9 in ETSI EN 300 330. Convert reading by 51.5 dB for measuring equipment calibrated in dBμV or dBμV/m..

##### 3.1.2. Test Limits

Radiated emissions below 30 MHz:

Limits for measurements at 10 m distance:					
Frequency range			Limit		
9 kHz ≤ f < 10 MHz			5.5 dBμA/m at 9 kHz descending 3 dB/oct		
10 MHz ≤ f < 30 MHz			-25 dBμA/m		
Limits for measurements at 3 m distance:					
Start Frequency	Limit		Stop Frequency	Limit	
(MHz)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμA/m)	(MHz)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμA/m)
0.009	88.4	36.9	0.018	85.4	33.9
0.018	85.4	33.9	0.036	82.4	30.9
0.036	82.4	30.9	0.072	79.4	27.9
0.072	79.4	27.9	0.1	78.1	26.6
0.1	78.1	26.6	0.144	76.4	24.9
0.144	76.4	24.9	0.2	75.2	23.7
0.2	75.2	23.7	0.288	73.4	21.9
0.288	73.4	21.9	0.3	72.9	21.4
0.3	72.9	21.4	0.5	71.3	19.8
0.5	71.3	19.8	0.576	70.5	19.0
0.576	70.5	19.0	0.6	70.3	18.8
0.6	70.3	18.8	0.7	69.7	18.2



0.7	69.7	18.2	0.8	69.0	17.5
0.8	69.0	17.5	0.9	68.45	16.95
0.9	68.45	16.95	1	67.8	16.3
1	67.8	16.3	1.152	67.1	15.6
1.152	67.1	15.6	1.5	66.1	14.6
1.5	66.1	14.6	2	64.5	13.0
2	64.5	13.0	2.304	63.5	12.0
2.304	63.5	12.0	3	62.2	10.7
3	62.2	10.7	4	60.2	8.7
4	60.2	8.7	4.608	58.9	7.4
4.608	58.9	7.4	5	58.3	6.8
5	58.3	6.8	6	56.9	5.4
6	56.9	5.4	7	55.6	4.1
7	55.6	4.1	8	54.4	2.9
8	54.4	2.9	9	53.1	1.6
9	53.1	1.6	9.216	52.9	1.4
9.216	52.9	1.4	10	52	0.5
10	52	0.5	12	51.5	0.0
12	51.5	0.0	20	43.4	-8.1
20	43.4	-8.1	30	38.6	-12.9

Radiated emissions above 30 MHz:

Frequency range	Limit
30 MHz $\leq$ f < 1000 MHz	2nW/-57dBm

**3.1.3. Test Results****A. Radiated emissions below 30 MHz**

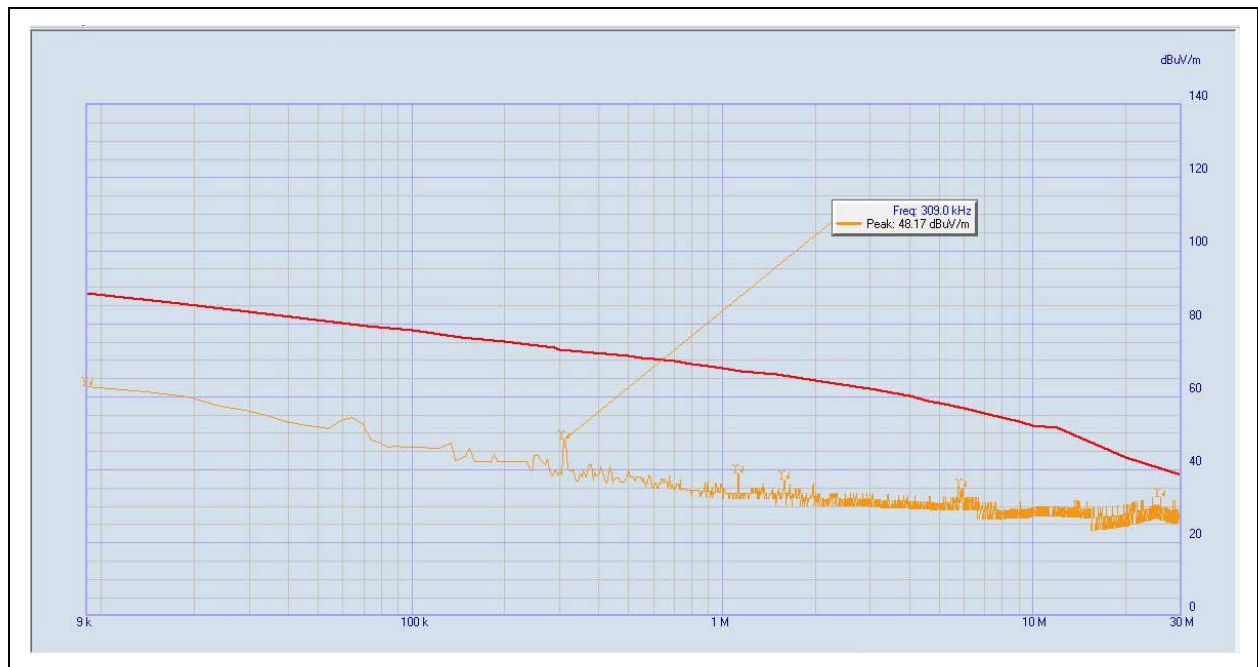
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Bandwidth (kHz)	Detector Type	Level at 3m(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit at 3m(dB $\mu$ V/m)	Result
1	0.009	9	Quasi Peak	62.78	88.4	Pass
2	0.309	9	Quasi Peak	48.17	72.9	Pass
3	1.124	9	Quasi Peak	38.93	67.8	Pass
4	1.579	9	Quasi Peak	34.17	66.1	Pass
5	5.874	9	Quasi Peak	35.07	58.3	Pass
6	25.729	9	Quasi Peak	32.55	43.4	Pass

**B. Radiated emissions above 30 MHz**

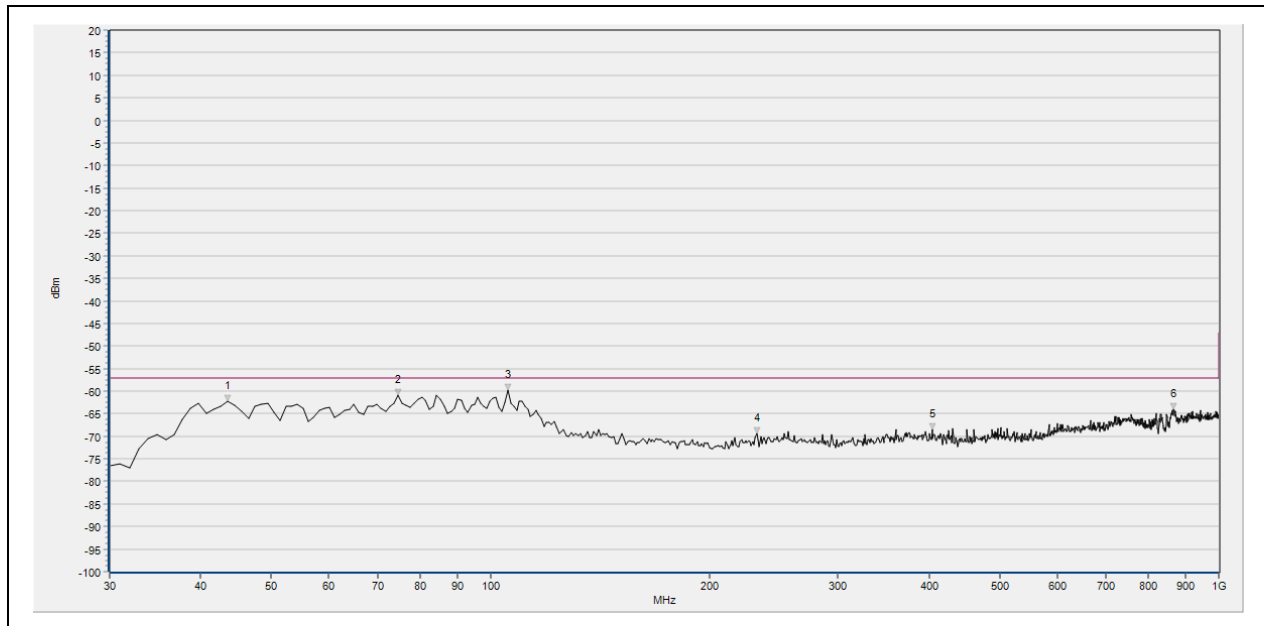
Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Bandwidth (kHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Horizontal	30-1000	120	See the test plot	-57	Pass
Vertical	30-1000	120	See the test plot	-57	Pass

- a) Only radiated measurement method and conducted measurement method were used. For the radiated method, the antenna polarization was set to vertical and horizontal respectively.
- b) The measurement was performed at the operating frequency.

### 3.1.4. Test Plots

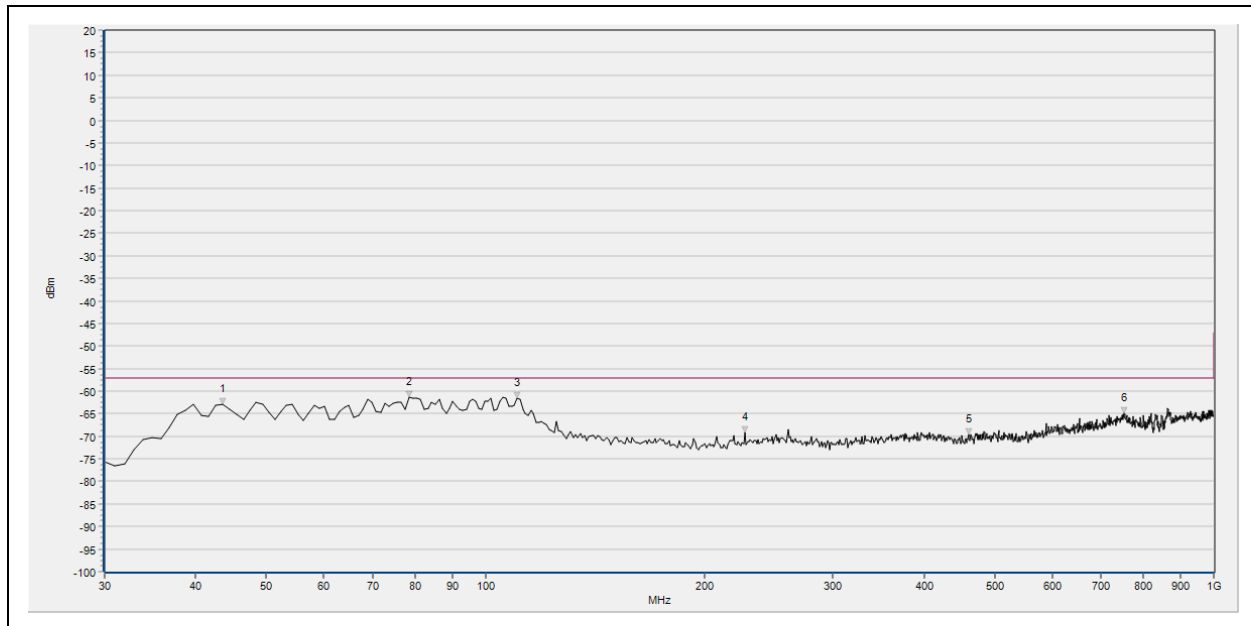


(Radiated emissions below 30 MHz)



(Antenna- Horizontal, Radiated emissions above 30 MHz)

NO.	Fre.(MHz)	Peak (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	43.594	-62.16	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
2	74.665	-60.78	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
3	105.736	-59.85	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
4	231.962	-69.48	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
5	403.824	-68.49	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS
6	866.977	-63.99	-57.00	Horizontal	PASS



(Antenna- Vertical, Radiated emissions above 30 MHz)

NO.	Fre.(MHz)	Peak (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	43.594	-62.83	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
2	78.549	-61.23	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
3	110.591	-61.63	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
4	227.107	-69.27	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
5	460.140	-69.64	-57.00	Vertical	PASS
6	753.373	-65.00	-57.00	Vertical	PASS



## Annex A Photographs of Test Setup

### Radiated Measurement Setup





## Annex B Test Uncertainty

The uncertainty is calculated using the methods suggested in the "Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement" (GUM) published by ISO.

Uncertainty of Radiated Emission:	$\pm 3.1\text{dB}$
-----------------------------------	--------------------



## Annex C Testing Laboratory Information

### 1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

<b>Company Name:</b>	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
<b>Department:</b>	Morlab Laboratory
<b>Address:</b>	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
<b>Responsible Test Lab Manager:</b>	Mr. Su Feng
<b>Telephone:</b>	+86 755 36698555
<b>Facsimile:</b>	+86 755 36698525

### 2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

<b>Name:</b>	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory
<b>Address:</b>	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China

**3. Test Equipments Utilized**

Equipment Name	Serial No.	Type	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
MXE EMI Receiver	MY54130016	N9038A	Agilent	2018.05.08	2019.05.07
Test Antenna - Bi-Log	9163-519	VULB 9163	Schwarzbeck	2018.05.08	2019.05.07
Test Antenna - Horn	01774	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	2017.09.13	2018.09.12
Test Antenna - Loop	1519-022	FMZB1519	Schwarzbeck	2018.03.03	2019.03.02
Anechoic Chamber	N/A	9m*6m*6m	CRT	2017.11.19	2020.11.18

\_\_\_\_\_ END OF REPORT \_\_\_\_\_